

श्रीः

श्रीमते निगमान्त महादेशिकाय नमः
श्रीमान् वेङ्कटनाथार्यः कवितार्किककेसरी।
वेदान्ताचार्यवर्यो मे सन्निधत्तां सदा हृदि॥

आण्डाळ् अरुळिच्चैय्द
॥ नाच्चियार् तिरुमोळि तनियन्गळ् ॥

This document has been prepared by*

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with the blessings of

श्री रङ्गरामानुज महादेशिकन्

His Holiness *śrīmad āṇḍavan* of *śrīraṅgam*

*This was typeset using skt, L^AT_EX, Itrans, skt and the xdvng font.

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श्रीमते रामानुजाय नमः
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तिरुक्कण्णमङ्गैयाण्डान् अरुळिच्चैय्द

अल्लिनाळ् तामरैमेल् आरणङ्गिन् इन् तुणैवि*
मल्लिनाडाण्ड मडमयिल् मैल्लियत्ताळ्*
आयर् कुलवेन्दन् आगत्ताळ्* तैन् पुदुवै
वेयर् पयन्द विळक्कु

कोल च्चुरिशङ्गै मायन् शैव् वायिन् गुणम्बिनवुम्
शील तनळ् तैन् तिरुमल्लि नाडि शैळुङ्कुळल् मेल्
मालै तौडैदन् अरङ्गरुक्कीयुम् मदिप्पुडैय
शोलै क्कळि अवळ् तूयनर् पादम् तुणैनमक्के

॥ आण्डाळ् तिरुवडिगळे शरणं ॥

Attention: New letters have been introduced to facilitate reading Tamil texts in Devanaagarii. Distinction has been made between certain short and long consonants that do not exist in Devanaagarii. For e.g., नँ and ने should be treated with the same distinction as that exists between नि and नी. The letters ए and ए, and औ and औ, should be treated in the same way. The letter ळ denotes the za in Tamil. For e.g., aazvaar would be written as आळ्वार् in Devanaagarii. There is a subtle difference between र and र, however, they can be pronounced in the same way. Also note that ढ sounds almost like ढ, ढि like ढि, and so on. The consonant-cluster न्र is pronounced somewhere between न्र and न्र. It is, however, colloquially acceptable to pronounce the clusters ढ and न्र as त्त and त्त, respectively.